Wisconsin Severe Maternal Hypertension Initiative Measure Set

Wisconsin Perinatal Quality Collaborative

Please reference the "Severe Maternal HTN FAQs and Scenarios" resource for more explanation (available here): https://wispqc.org/initiatives/maternal-hypertension/aim-severe-hypertension-change-package/

WisPQC is partnering with the Wisconsin Hospital Association (WHA) Data Center to collect the severe maternal morbidity (SMM) outcome measure data for the initiative. The SMM outcome measures are defined by the Alliance for Innovation on Maternal Health (AIM) hypertension bundle and cannot be modified by states.

On a quarterly schedule (February, May, August and November), the WHA Data Center will run reports on the SMM outcome measures (using Hospital Discharge Data ICD-9/ICD 10) for each participating hospital team. On an annual basis the SMM outcome measure will be run and disaggregated by major Race/Ethnicity categories: Non-Hispanic (NH) white, NH black, Hispanic, NH American Indian/Alaska Native (AI/AN), NH Asian/Pacific Islander (API).

WisPQC will receive the SMM outcome measures reports and upload them into the AIM data portal on the quarterly or annual schedule. Each hospital team will have access to view the data and various data visualizations in the AIM data portal.

The outcome measures, as defined by AIM, are as follows:

O1: Severe Maternal Morbidity	Numerator: Among the denominator, all cases with any SMM code			
(SMM)	Denominator: All mothers during their birth admission, excluding ectopics and miscarriages			
O2: Severe Maternal Morbidity	Numerator: Among the denominator, all cases with any non-transfusion SMM code			
(excluding transfusion codes)	Denominator: All mothers during their birth admission, excluding ectopics and miscarriages			
O3: Severe Maternal Morbidity	Numerator: Among the denominator, cases with any SMM code			
among Preeclampsia Cases	Denominator: All mothers during their birth admission, excluding ectopics and miscarriages, with one of the			
	following diagnosis codes: Severe Preeclampsia, Eclampsia and Preeclampsia superimposed on pre-existing			
	hypertension			
O4: Severe Maternal Morbidity	Numerator: Among the denominator, all cases with any non-transfusion SMM code			
(excluding transfusion codes)	Denominator: All mothers during their birth admission, excluding ectopics and miscarriages, with one of the			
among Preeclampsia Cases	following diagnosis codes: Severe Preeclampsia, Eclampsia, Preeclampsia superimposed on pre-existing			
	hypertension			

Participating hospital teams will use Life QI® to enter all hospital level process measure data for continuous quality improvement throughout the initiative. WisPQC staff will export the data each hospital team enters into Life QI® and upload it into the AIM data portal. Each hospital teams will be able to view all their data in the AIM data portal. Below are the process measures and definitions that will **entered by hospital teams** into Life QI®.

Q1= Jan-Mar, Q2=Apr-Jun, Q3=Jul-Sep, Q4=Oct-Dec.

Process Measures	Data Collection Format	Notes	
PM 1: Unit Drills	P1a: In this quarter, how many OB drills (In Situ and/or Sim Lab) were performed on your unit	Teams report quarterly into	
Report # of drills and the drill	for any maternal safety topic?	Life QI.	
topics	P1b: In this quarter, what topics were covered in the OB drills?		
	*Add a 'note' to each data point stating the topic(s) of the drill(s)		
PM 2 : Provider Education	P2 : At the end of this reporting period, what cumulative proportion of delivering physicians	Teams report quarterly into	
	and midwives has completed within the last two years an education program on Severe	Life QI.	
Report count and total to	Hypertension/Preeclampsia that includes the <i>unit-standard protocols and measures</i> ?		
create a percent of providers			
who received education.	•This is meant to be an informal estimate by nursing leadership similar to the		
	CDC mPINC survey to assess breastfeeding practices.		
	•Cumulative means "Since the onset of the project, what proportion of the		
	staff have completed the educational program?		
	Time: Quarterly		
	Count: Number of delivering physicians and midwives who have completed within the last		
	two years an education program on Severe Hypertension/Preeclampsia		
	Total: Number of delivering physicians and midwives on staff.		

PM3: Nursing Education	P3 : At the end of this reporting period, what cumulative proportion of OB nurses (including	Teams report quarterly into
	L&D and postpartum) has completed within the last two years an education program on	Life QI.
Report count and total to create a percent of providers	Severe Hypertension/Preeclampsia that includes the <i>unit-standard protocols and measures</i> ?	
who received education.	•This is meant to be an informal estimate by nursing leadership similar to the	
	CDC mPINC survey to assess breastfeeding practices.	
	•Cumulative means "Since the onset of the project, what proportion of the	
	staff have completed the educational program?"	
	Time: Quarterly	
	Count: Number of OB nurses (including L&D and postpartum) who have completed within the	
	last two years an education program on Severe Hypertension/Preeclampsia	
	Total: Number of OB nurses (including L&D and postpartum) on staff.	
PM 4: Timely Treatment -	Numerator: Among the denominator, birthing patients who were treated within 1 hour of	Teams report monthly into
Treatment of Severe	first identified elevated BP with IV Labetalol, IV Hydralazine, or PO Nifedipine.	Life QI.
Hypertension within 1 hour	Denominator: Birthing patients (every admission to Labor & Delivery to start; then expand to	If your denominator is ever
Report	full OB service) with acute-onset severe hypertension* (Systolic: \geq 160 or Diastolic: \geq 110) that	<i>'O', do not enter any data into</i>
Numerator/Denominator	persists for 15 minutes or more, including those with preeclampsia, gestational or chronic	Life QI [®] for that month.
pulled by patients' admission	hypertension. The 1 hour is measured from the first severe range BP reading, assuming	
date. This should, if possible,	confirmation of persistent elevation through a second reading.	Note: <u>Only</u> enter the
include those admitted who		race/ethnicity breakdown
were antepartum, birth	Create a sub-chart in Life QI [®] for <u>each</u> of the following race and ethnicity categories: Non- Hispanic white, Non-Hispanic black, Non-Hispanic American Indian/Alaska Native, Non-	charts. Life QI will use those to generate the
admission, or postpartum.	Hispanic Asian/Pacific Islander and Hispanic/Latinx.	aggregate/total population
		chart for you. This will ensure
		there is no duplication of
		data.

PM 5: Follow-up plan** for	Teams report monthly into	
blood pressure check for all	follow-up plan** for a blood pressure check within 10 days postpartum.	Life QI.
women with acute-onset severe HTN*. <u>Chart review:</u> up to 20 severe hypertension charts, <i>pulled by</i> <i>patients' admission date</i> . If <20 charts, include <u>all</u> in denominator. If >20 charts, include every 5 th chart until	 Denominator: Birthing patients (every admission to Labor & Delivery to start; then expand to full OB service) with acute-onset severe hypertension* (Systolic: ≥160 or Diastolic: ≥110) that persists for 15 minutes or more, including those with preeclampsia, gestational or chronic hypertension. IF greater than 20 patients, conduct chart review of 20 patients. Remove from denominator if patient is re-admitted postpartum, admitted antepartum and discharged still pregnant or it is past 10 days postpartum when patient is discharged from hospital. 	If your denominator is ever 'O', do not enter any data into Life QI® for that month. (not an AIM-required measure)
you have 20 charts identified.	** 'Follow up plan' is defined as: documentation in patient chart of future blood pressure check either at office visit or at home via home monitoring program, in accordance with appropriate timing recommendations	
data. WisPQC staff will enter th	ill complete a Structure Measure Audit form at baseline, 6, 12, and 18 months to enter all hospit is data for each hospital team into the AIM data portal which hospital teams will be able to view. vill entered by hospital teams into the Structure Measure Audit Form (completed via weblink). Data Collection Format	
SM1: Patient, Family, Staff	Has your hospital developed OB specific resources and protocols to support patients, family	Reported at baseline, 6, 12, and
support	and staff through major OB complications- including women with hypertension in pregnancy?	18 months via WisPQC Structure
Report completion date		Measure audit form.
SM2: Debriefs	Has your hospital established a system in your hospital to perform regular formal debriefs	Reported at baseline, 6, 12, and
Report start date	18 months via WisPQC Structure Measure audit form.	

SM3: Multidisciplinary case reviews Report start date	Has your hospital established a process to perform multidisciplinary systems-level reviews on cases of severe maternal morbidity (including, at a minimum, birthing patients admitted to the ICU or receiving \geq 4 units RBC transfusions? For greatest impact, AIM suggests that in addition to the minimum instances for review defined in S3, hospital teams also implement missed opportunity reviews for key bundle process measures (e.g. instances in which acute onset severe hypertension was not treated in < 60 minutes) in both unit debriefs and multidisciplinary case reviews.	Reported at baseline, 6, 12, and 18 months via WisPQC Structure Measure audit form.
SM4 : Unit Policy and	Does your hospital have a Severe HTN/Preeclampsia policy and procedure (reviewed and	Reported at baseline, 6, 12, and
Procedure	updated in the last 2-3 years) that provides a unit-standard approach to measuring blood	18 months via WisPQC Structure
Report completion date	pressure, treatment of Severe HTN/Preeclampsia, administration of Magnesium Sulfate, and treatment of Magnesium Sulfate overdose?	Measure audit form.
SM5 : EHR integration	Were some of the recommended Severe HTN/Preeclampsia bundle processes (i.e. order sets,	Reported at baseline, 6, 12, and
Report completion date	tracking tools) integrated into your hospital's Electronic Health Record system?	18 months via WisPQC Structure Measure audit form.
SM6 : Hypertension education	Hospital provides specific preeclampsia discharge education materials to all delivering	Reported at baseline, 6, 12, and
for <u>all</u> delivering patients at	patients (not just patients with severe hypertension).	18 months via WisPQC Structure
time of discharge	I.e. available in multiple languages appropriate to your patient population (Spanish, Arabic,	Measure audit form.
Report yes/no	Hmong, etc.), built into discharge process/paperwork, etc.	

Severe Preeclampsia or Eclampsia Diagnosis Codes (ICD-10)

011.1	Pre-existing hypertension with pre-eclampsia, first trimester		
011.2	Pre-existing hypertension with pre-eclampsia, second trimester		
011.3	Pre-existing hypertension with pre-eclampsia, third trimester		
011.4	Pre-existing hypertension with pre-eclampsia, complicating childbirth		
011.5	Pre-existing hypertension with pre-eclampsia, complicating the puerperium		
011.9	Pre-existing hypertension with pre-eclampsia, unspecified trimester		
014.10	Severe pre-eclampsia, unspecified trimester		
014.12	Severe pre-eclampsia, second trimester		
014.13	Severe pre-eclampsia, third trimester		
014.14	Severe pre-eclampsia complicating childbirth		
014.15	Severe pre-eclampsia, complicating the puerperium		
014.20	HELLP syndrome (HELLP), unspecified trimester		
014.22	HELLP syndrome (HELLP), second trimester		
014.23	HELLP syndrome (HELLP), third trimester		
014.24	HELLP syndrome, complicating childbirth		
014.25	HELLP syndrome, complicating the puerperium		
015.00	Eclampsia in pregnancy, unspecified trimester		
015.02	Eclampsia in pregnancy, second trimester		
015.03	Eclampsia in pregnancy, third trimester		
015.1	Eclampsia in labor		
015.2	Eclampsia in the puerperium		
015.9	Eclampsia, unspecified as to time period		

The ICD-10 codes are a starting point for getting the acute-onset severe hypertension (SHTN) denominator. Chart review will need to be done on patients identified via ICD-10 codes to determine if STHN occurred.

If your site uses Epic for Electronic Medical Records, consider setting up the dashboard that will pull SHTN metrics. Reference the <u>Severe</u> <u>Maternal HTN FAQs and Scenarios</u> resource or contact WisPQC staff for more information.

Data Reporting Frequency, Location and Responsibility				
Measure Name	Teams enter Monthly (Life QI)	Teams enter Quarterly (Life QI)	Teams report at baseline, 6, 12, 18 months via survey; WisPQC enters data (AIM Portal)	WisPQC enters data Quarterly from WHA reports (AIM Portal)
PM 4 (Timely treatment)				
PM 5 (Follow up plan)				
Brief Narrative Report (in Life QI)				
PM 1 (Unit drills)				
PM 2 (Provider education)				
PM 3 (Nursing education)				
SM 1 (Patient, family, staff support)				
SM2 (Debriefs)				
SM3 (Multidisciplinary case reviews)				
SM4 (Unit policy and procedure)				
SM5 (EHR integration)				
SM6 (HTN education for ALL patients)				
OM1 (Severe Maternal Morbidity)				
OM2 (SMM, excl. transfusion)				
OM3 (SMM among preeclampsia cases)				
OM4 (SMM among preeclampsia cases, excl. transfusion)				

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